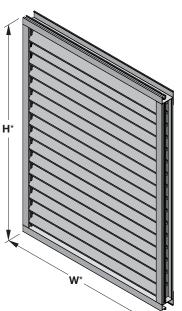
ALL-LITE





EFJ-145 (standard) *Louver dimensions furnished approximately 1/2" (13) undersize.

Ratings

Free Area: $[48" \times 48" (1219 \times 1219) \text{ unit}]: 8.3 \text{ ft}^2 (0.77 \text{ m}^2) 51.9\%$

Performance @ Beginning Point of Water Penetration

Free Area Velocity: 349 fpm (1.77 m/s)

Air Volume Delivered: 2,896 cfm (1.37 m³/s)

Pressure Loss: 0.03 in.wg. (7.5 Pa)

Velocity @ 0.15 in.wg. Pressure Loss: 842 fpm (4.28 m/s)

The EFJ-145 is designed for intake and exhaust applications where protection against water infiltration is not critical. The EFJ-145 is well suited for applications with minimal sizing allowances that still require maximum airflow and is available with hidden mullions for a continuous blade appearance of multiple section assemblies. The EFJ-145 is available in a wide array of anodized and painted finishes, including custom color matching, and an extended framing selection.

Standard Construction

Material:	Mill finish 6063-T5 extruded aluminum
Frame:	1-1/2" deep \times 0.060" thick (38 \times 1.5) channel
Blades:	$45^{\circ} \times 0.060$ " (1.5) thick J-style
Screen:	$1/2"\times0.063"~(12.7\times1.6)$ expanded and flattened aluminum
Mullion:	Visible
Minimum	Size: 6" × 6" (152 × 152)
Maximun	n Size:

Single section: $60" \times 60" (1524 \times 1524)$ Multiple section: Unlimited

Options

Factory finish:

- High Performance Fluoropolymer
 Prime Coat
- Baked Enamel
 Clear Anodize
 Integral Color Anodize
- Frame Options:
 - 1-1/2" (38) flange frame
 3/4" (19) flange frame
 - Stucco flange
 Glazing frame
- Installation Hardware
 - Clip angles
 Continuous angles
- Hidden vertical mullion
- Alternate bird or insect screens
- Insulated or non-insulated blank-off panels
- Filter racks
- Head and/or sill flashing
- Burglar bars
- Net OD (actual size)



NOTE: Dimensions in parentheses () are millimeters. Information is subject to change without notice or obligation.

PERFORMANCE



Free Area (ft²)

Height (Inches)

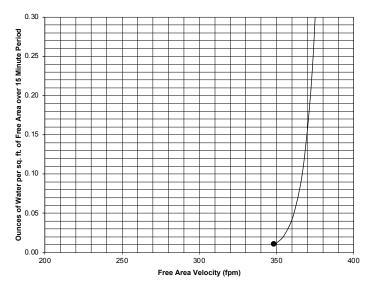
6 12 18 24 30 36 42 48 6 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7 12 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.0 1.2 1.5 1.7 18 0.3 0.7 1.0 1.4 1.8 2.2 2.6 3.0	54 0.8 1.9 3.3	60 0.8 2.1
12 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.0 1.2 1.5 1.7	1.9	
		2.1
18 0.3 0.7 1.0 1.4 1.8 2.2 2.6 3.0	3.3	
	0.0	3.7
24 0.4 0.9 1.4 1.9 2.4 2.9 3.5 4.0	4.5	5.0
30 0.5 1.1 1.8 2.4 3.1 3.7 4.3 5.0	5.6	6.3
36 0.6 1.4 2.2 3.0 3.8 4.6 5.5 6.3	7.1	7.9
42 0.7 1.6 2.6 3.5 4.5 5.4 6.3 7.3	8.2	9.2
48 0.8 1.9 2.9 4.0 5.1 6.2 7.2 8.3	9.4	10.4
54 0.9 2.2 3.4 4.6 5.9 7.1 8.3 9.6	10.8	12.0
60 1.0 2.4 3.8 5.1 6.5 7.9 9.2 10.6	12.0	13.3

Midth (Inchoc)

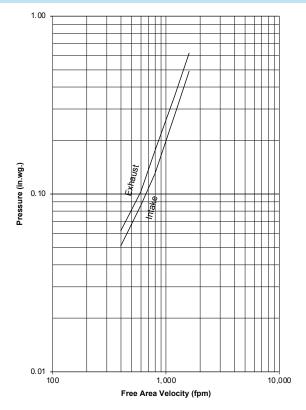
Water Penetration

AMCA defines the beginning point of water penetration as the free area velocity at the intersection of a simple linear regression of test data and the line of 0.01 ounces of water per square foot of free area and is measured through a 48" x 48" louver during a 15 minute period. The AMCA water penetration test provides a method for comparing louver models and designs as to their efficiency in resisting the penetration of rainfall under specific lab conditions. We recommend that intake louvers are selected with a reasonable margin of safety below the beginning point of water penetration in order to avoid unwanted penetration during severe storm conditions.

Beginning Point of Water Penetration = 349 fpm



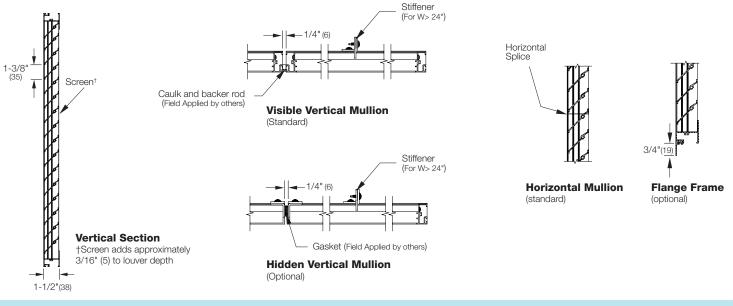
Pressure Loss



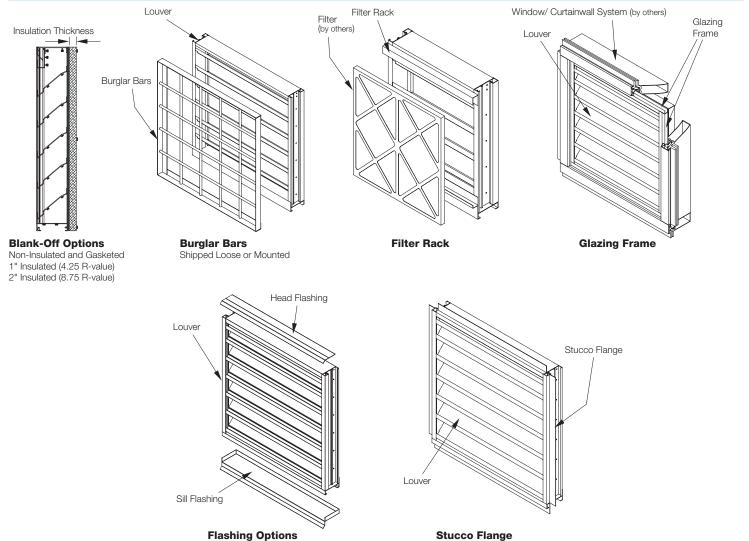
Louver Test Size = 48" x 48" (1219 x 1219) Pressure loss tested in accordance with Figure 5.5 of AMCA Standard 500-L. Data corrected to standard air density.

Attributes





Supplemental Options



Flashing Options Head and Sill Available